



Dyslexia Services







Definition of Dyslexia



Texas Education Code (TEC) §38.003 defines dyslexia and related disorders in the following way:

"Dyslexia" means a disorder of constitutional origin manifested by a difficulty in learning to read, write, or spell, despite conventional instruction, adequate intelligence, and sociocultural opportunity.

"Related disorders" include disorders similar to or related to dyslexia, such as developmental auditory imperception, dysphasia, specific developmental dyslexia, developmental dysgraphia, and developmental spelling disability. TEC §38.003(d)(1)-(2) (1995)

http://www.statutes.legis.state.tx.us/Docs/ED/htm/ED.38.htm#38.003

The Dyslexia Handbook





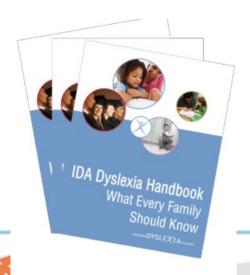
The Dyslexia Handbook Updated 2021 English



The Dyslexia Handbook Updated 2021 Spanish

2021 Update Information (Spanish)

The Dyslexia Handbook



What Every Family Should Know

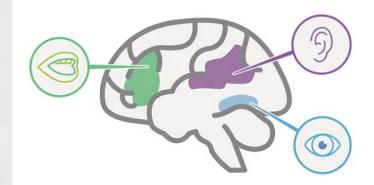


- valuable information about dyslexia and its characteristics
- provides information on assessments
- effective teaching approaches
- self-advocacy ideas
- a vast array of resources
- information that will be useful throughout a child's life, from elementary school through college



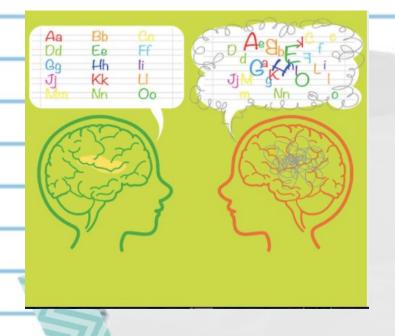


- Dyslexia Basics
- Dyslexia and the Brain
- Dysleixa and other Related Disorders/ADHD
- Dyslexia and othe Related Disorder/ Giften and Talented



helpful Sites





Beyond the Classroom

https://dyslexiaida.org/

www.understood.org

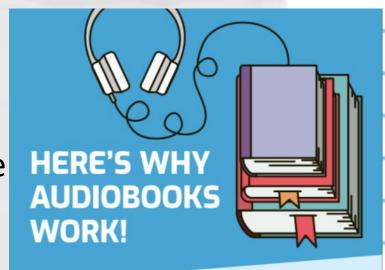
Learning Ally





- https://learningally.org/
- Username: Student's First Name ID#
- Password: Student ID #

Your campus' Dyslexia Therapist will provide you this information



Reading with audiobooks is still reading.

MTA Multisensory Teaching Approach

- a program for the remediation of Dyslexia and other reading disabilities
- follows research begun at Texas Scottish Rite Hospital in 1965 by Aylett R. Cox and Dr. Lucius Waites
- multisensory approach to teaching reading that combines Visual, Auditory and Kinesthetic (or muscle) instruction
- it is based on the alphabet symbol system
- teaches the science of the written language and addresses reading, handwriting, and spelling

MTA Lessons and Practices by Kit



<u>Kit 1</u>

Letters: i, t, p, n, s, a, voiced s, l, d, f, h

Concepts:

- 1. IMF positions
- 2. Vowels and consonants
- 3. Syllables
- 4. Open and Closed Syllables
- 5. Accent
- 6. Open, Accent Syllables
- 7. Reading Doubled Consonants
- 8. Coding Closed syllables
- 9. Base Word and Suffix
- 10. Coding and Reading Plurals

- 11. Reading Final ss
- 12. The Unaccented Word a
- 13. Recognizing Sentences and Phrases
- 14. Situation Reading: s = (s) or (z)
- 15. Two Sounds for Suffix s: (s) or (z)
- 16. Word Spelling Formula: Suffix s
- 17. Reading Possessives and Contractions
- 18. Irregular Word Concept: said
- 19. Word Spelling Formula: Spelling Base words ending in ff,ll,ss



Kit 2

Letters: g, ng, o, k, n (ng), c (k), ck, m, r, oo (short and long), b, th (voiced and unvoiced), e, y, j, u, v, w, x, qu, z

Concepts: 21. Final o in Monosyllables

22. (ng) Spelled Digraph ng or n

23. Suffix ing

24. Syllable Division vc' cv

25. I,M (k) Spelled k or c

26. Spellings of Suffixes do not Change

27. Spelling Derivatives: Base Word spelling

Unchanged (standing)

28. Final (k) Spelled Digraph ck

29. Spelling Derivatives: Base Word

Spelling Unchanged (cooking)

30. I,M (k) Spelled k before e or i

31. Final e in Monosyllables

32. Suffix less

33. Suffix ness

34. Spelling Derivatives: Base Word Spelling

Unchanged (bigness)

35. I,M (k) Spelled c Before a,o,u and any Consonant





<u>Kit 3</u>

Letters: digraph ee, final stable syllables, er, ur, ir, er (unaccented), sh, a-e, i-e, o-e, u-e, e-e

Concepts: 36. Final (s) Spelled ss

37. Final (k) Spelled k

38. Syllable Division vc cv'

Reading Derivatives: Final consonant of Base Word Doubled (running)

40. More Contractions

41. Suffix ed = (ed), (d), (t)

42. Spelling: Doubling Medial Consonants in Base Words (bubble)

43. Spelling: Doubling Medial Consonants in base Words (rabbit)

44. a After (w)

45. Final (d) Spelled d or ed

46. Final (t) Spelled t or ed

47. Suffix er

48. Suffixes er and est

49. Spelling Derivatives: Base Word Spelling Changed (running)

50. Final Silent e

51. Suffix es

52. Spelling Derivatives: Base Word Spelling Unchanged (hopeless)

53. Suffix en





<u>Kit 4</u>

Letters: vowel y ,igh, ay, ai, long a ,long e, long i, long o, long u, ar, or (or), or (er), ar (er), or (er)

Concepts: 54. Review Word Spelling Formulas

55. Medial (k) Spelled ck

56. Final (k) Spelled ke

57. Final (i) Spelled y (long)

58. Final (i) Spelled y (short)

59. I,M (k) Spelled k before e,i,y

60. Final (v) Spelled ve

61. Suffix ly

62. Suffix y

63. Medial (e) Spelled e-e

64. Final a Spelled Digraph ay

65. Initial (z) Spelled z

66. Syllable Division v' cv

67. Final (k) Spelled c

68. (er) Spelled or

69. a After (kw)= (o)

70. (o) After (w) Spelled a

71. Spelling Final (ks): Base Words and Derivatives

72. Syllable Division v' ccv

73. Spelling Long Vowels in Open, Accented Syllables





<u>Kit 5</u>

Letters: oi, oy, wh, ch, tion, tch, sion, ea, voiced sion, ou, ow, a (short u), c (s)

Concepts: 74. Suffix ful

75. Reading Derivatives: Dropping Final e

76. Final (s) Spelled se

77. (oi) Spelled oi and Final oy

78. Prefix and Affix Concepts

79. Prefixes un, in, im

80. Spelling Derivatives: Base Word Spelling

Changed (hoping)

81. Prefixes dis, mis

82. Syllable Division: vc' v

83. Prefixes sub, super

84. Initial wr=(r)

85. Accent in Longer Words

86. e, o, u in Open Accented Syllables

87. Prefixes under, over

88. (ch) Spelled ch and Final tch

89. (ch) Spelled ch and Final tch, ch

90. Prefixes inter, self

91. Spelling Derivatives: Adding Consonant Prefixes

to Base Words (misspell)

92. Pronouncing i Before Final Stable Syllables

93. Final Stable Syllable sion

94. (ou) Spelled ou and Final ow

95. Reading ind, ild, old Word Patterns

96. Prefixes a, re

97. Spelling ind, ild, old Word Patterns

98. Prefixes pre, pro

99. c = (k) or (s)

100. M (s) Spelled s or c

101. F (s) Spelled ce

102. Silent t after s (whistle, listen)

103. M (k) Spelled ck or cc

104. Spelling Derivatives: Adding Vowel Prefixes

to Base Words (precook)



<u>Kit 6</u>

Letters: ow, oa, oe, au, aw, a, g (j), dge, Final ge, ea (short), ie, ue

Concepts: 105. Reading Derivatives: Changing

y to i (carried, carrying)

106. Latin Stems

107. (u) Spelled u or a and Final a

108. Syllable Division v cv'

109. Final (o) Spelled ow

110. Spelling Derivatives: Changing

y to i (carried, carrying)

111. Final (s) Spelled se

112. (au) Spelled au or a, and Final aw

113. g= (g) or (j)

114. Changing y to i and Adding es

115. Silent Letters

116. I, M (j) Spelled j or g

117. Final (j) Spelled dge or ge

118. Syllable Division vcccv

119. French Suffix ous

120. Spelling medial or Final (z)

121. French suffix age

122. Final (u) Spelled ue





<u>Kit 7</u>

Letters: ie (long), o (short u), ph, ch (k), ei (long), ey, eu, ew, ea (long), eigh, ei, ou (oo), ch (sh), a (short o)

Concepts: 123. Singular and Possessive Nouns

124. Reading vc v' Words

125. Reading v' v and v v' Words

126. Reading v ccv' Words

127. Medial Greek y= (i short) or (i long)

(gym, hydrant, type)

128. Greek Roots

129. Reading Three Syllable Words

130. Final Stable Syllables Beginning with ti and ci

(cial, tial, cian, tian, cient, tient, cious, tious, cience)

131. Final Stable Syllables dure and ture

132. Digraph ey= (a long)

133. Possessives of Definite Pronouns

134. Possessives of Indefinite Pronouns

135. Stable French Endings: ace, ate, ain, ice, ile, ine, ise, ite, ive, esque, ique

136. Reading Words of Four or More Syllables



Children's Books with Dyslexic Characters



Parent Resources

